



Programmatic WebSockets

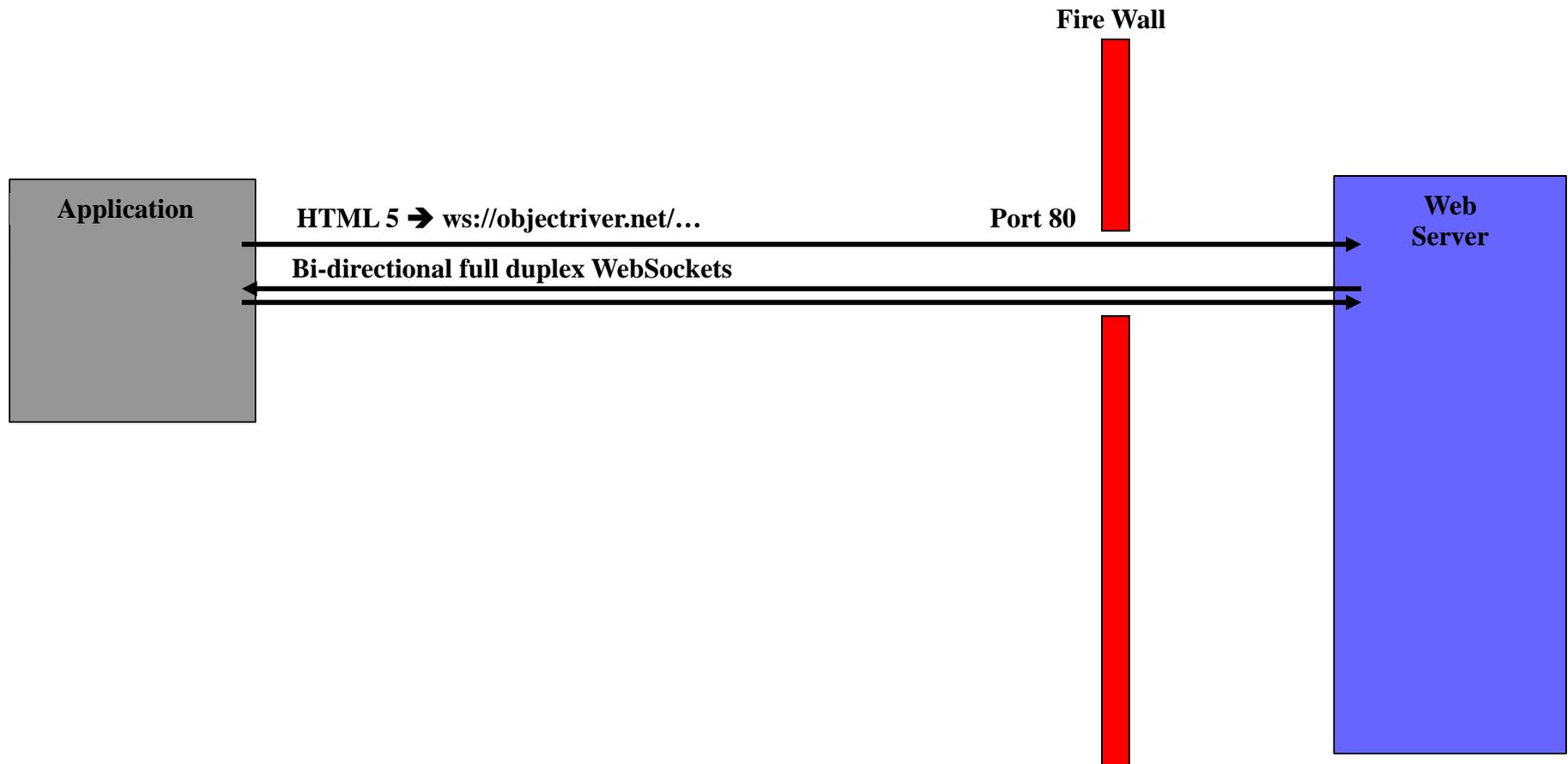
JavaOne 2014 – Steven Lemmo

Finally!

- Before the Web (Internal applications behind the firewall.
 - Sockets
 - RPC (Sun ONC/RPC)
 - DCE Open Software Foundation
 - CORBA
 - Binary protocols
 - State-full
 - Low latency
- Web Now
 - HTTP, XML, JSON
 - String based protocols
 - Stateless
- HTML5 WebSockets
 - State-full
 - Full duplex peer to peer.
 - Low latency
 - String and binary protocols.
 - All through port 80!

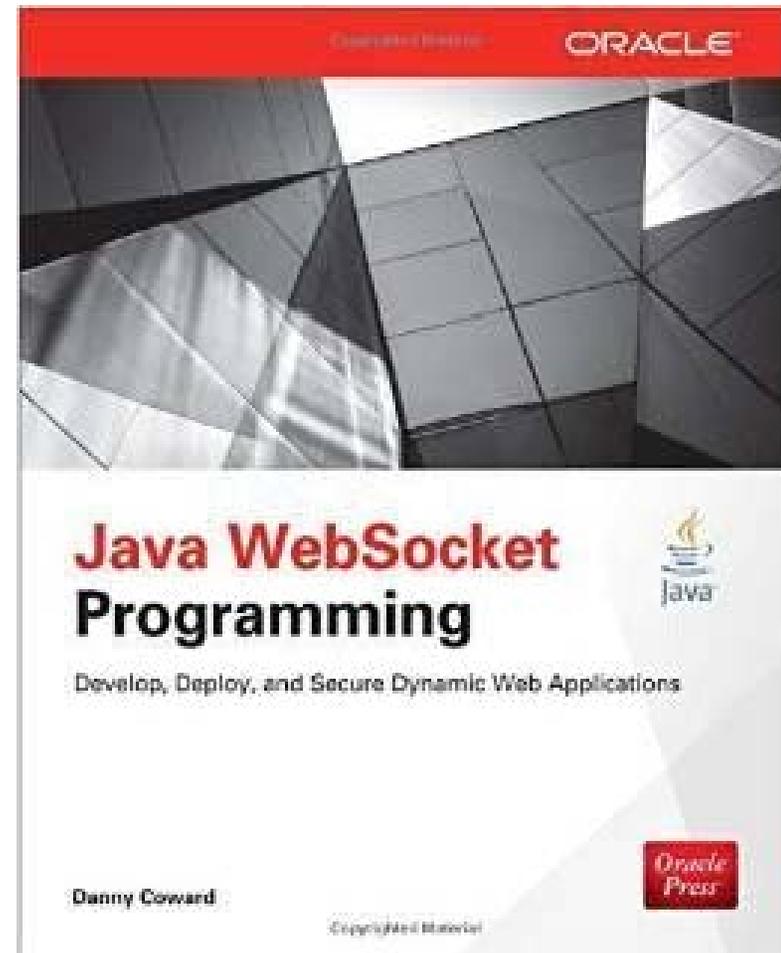
WebSockets into port 80

HTML 5 request gets promoted to WebSockets



JSR356 WebSocket API

- Buy this book.
- This book describes the JSR356 Java WebSocket API specification.
- Today we are going to look at an example of a professional document style RPC mapping for WebSockets.



Annotation

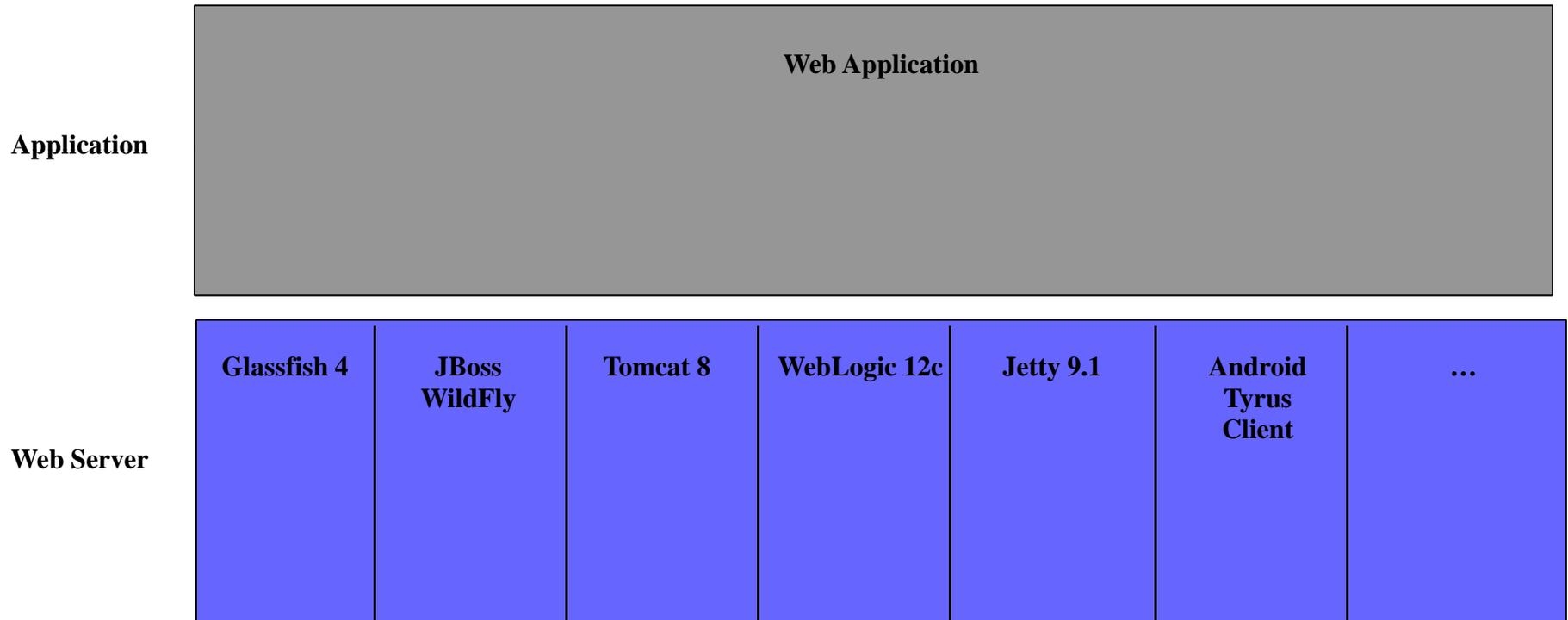
Programmatic vs. Annotation

- `@ServerEndpoint("/echo")` Public class EchoServer {
 `@OnMessage` public String echo(String msg) {
- Annotation is good for quick simple demos etc...
- Small programs like chat, logging, etc.
- But what is happening underneath?



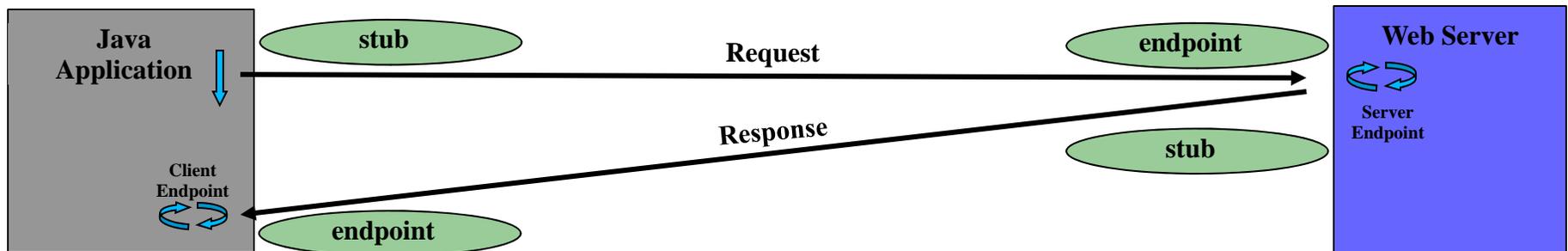
WebSocket Server Stacks

It's here now!



Endpoints

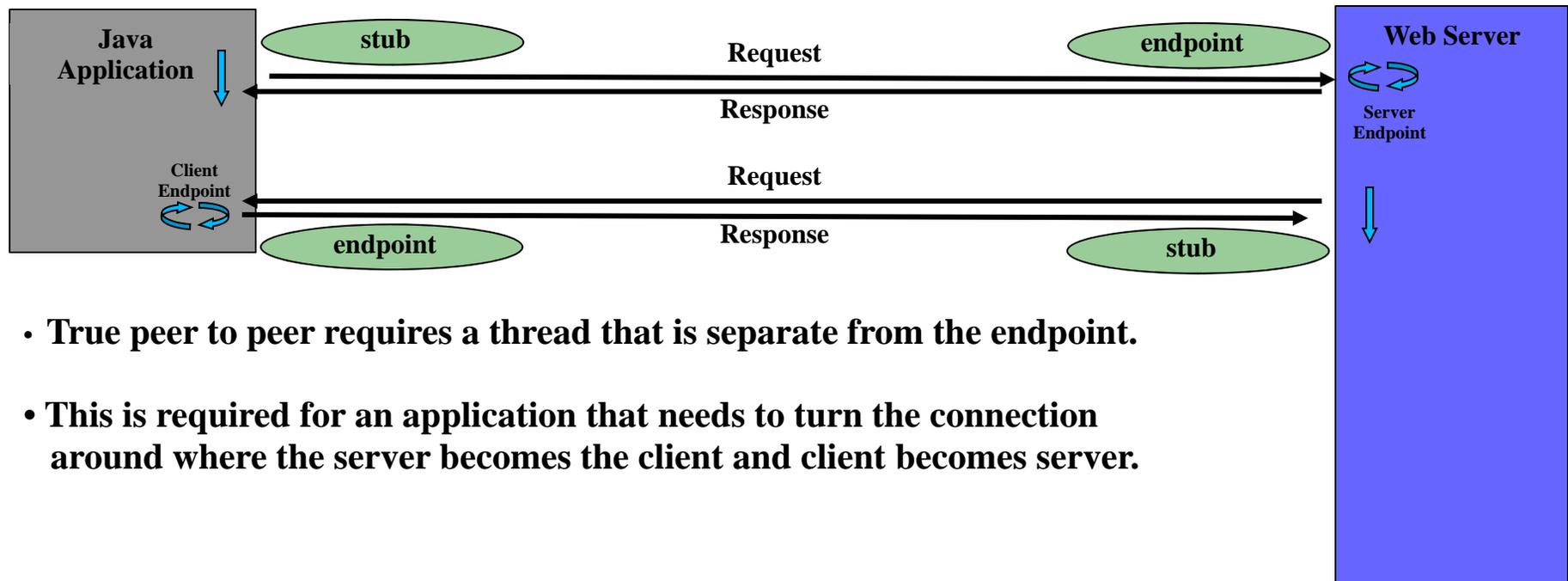
Endpoints are listeners on a thread



- Endpoints are listeners on their own thread.
- WebSockets are truly peer to peer. There are no request/response type methods in the architecture
- For synchronous requests, asynchronous responses must be synchronized on the client.
- Each client has it's own connection and thread on the server.

Full duplex

Separate execution thread on server

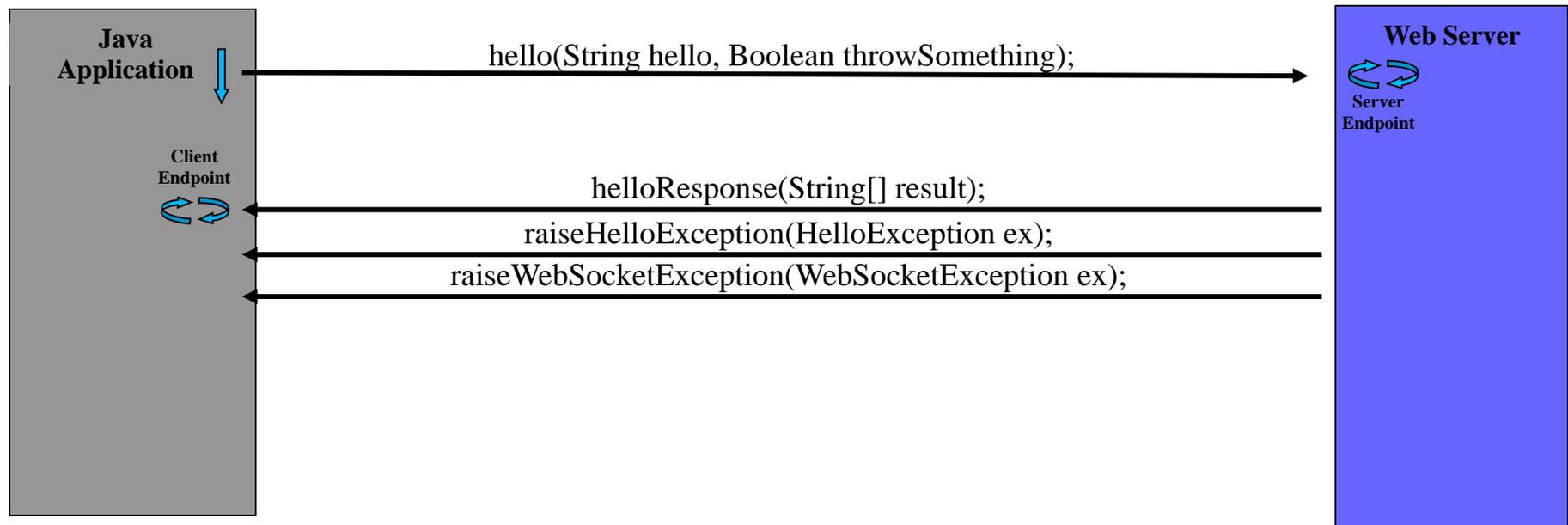


- True peer to peer requires a thread that is separate from the endpoint.
- This is required for an application that needs to turn the connection around where the server becomes the client and client becomes server.

Hello World

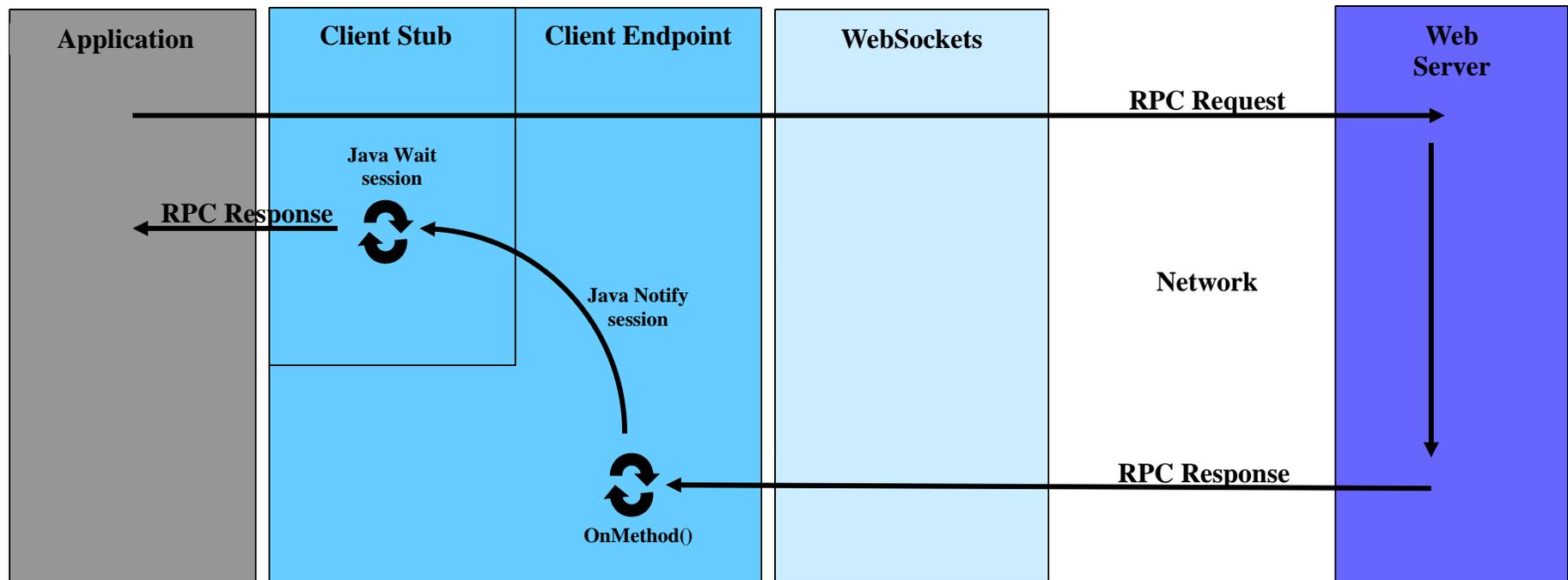
Not your father's Hello World

- Hello World interface definition
 - @Sync String[] hello(@in String hello, @in Boolean throwSomething) throws HelloException;
- Breakdown of request/responses
 - void hello(String hello, Boolean throwSomething);
 - void helloResponse(String[] result);
 - void raiseHelloException(HelloException ex);
 - void raiseWebSocketException(WebSocketException ex);



hello_wait()

Java wait/notify synchronizes request



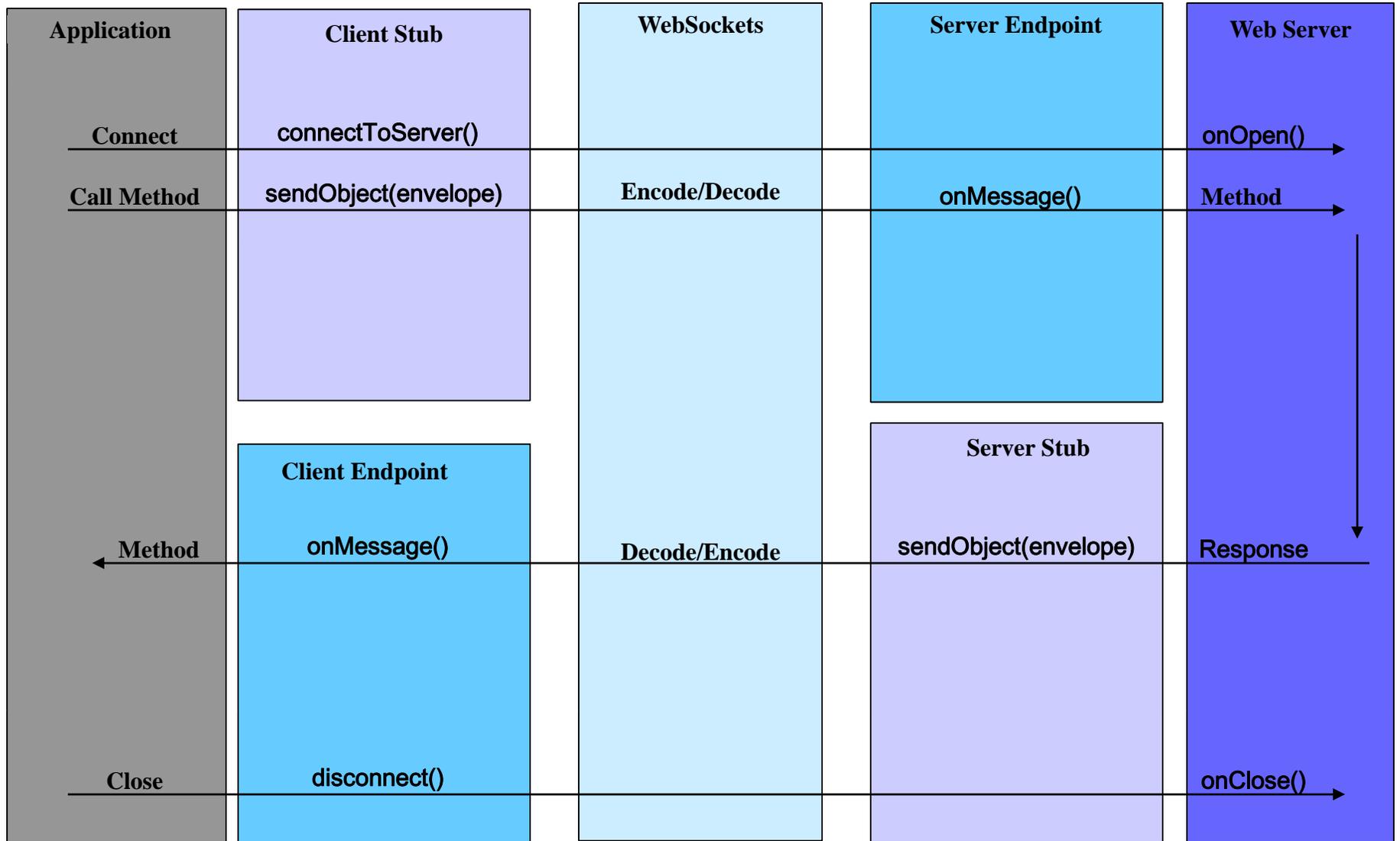
- Client sends request to server
- Client blocks on session with Java wait() with timeout from client handle
- Client endpoint in onMessage() wakes up client with Java notify synchronizing two asynchronous methods

Binary & Text Transport

- Sending Objects
 - **sendObject(envelope)**
 - Today we will be using the object abstraction for marshalling data between the client and server.
- Fixed length Clob/Blob support
 - **sendText()**
 - **sendBinary()**
- Give me the pipe
 - **getSendStream()** – Java InputStream
 - **getSendWriter()** – Java Writer

Basic Code layout

Core WebSocket methods



`ws://localhost/HelloApp/Test/Hello`

- `ws://<host>:<port>/<web-apps>/<context-root>/<uri-path>`
 - web-apps
 - In Tomcat this is the name of the war.
 - Glassfish does not have a web-apps
 - context-root
 - This is the path leading to the application specific
 - uri-path
 - Application specific portion. Can contain templates, and rest style urls.
- Example:
 - `ws://example.org/employee/tools/chat`
 - web-apps=employee
 - root-context=tools
 - uri-path=chat
 - `ws://bank.com/stock/price?ticker=CRM`
 - web-apps=stock
 - root-context=price
 - uri-path=?ticker=CRM
 - `ws://localhost:8080/HelloApp/Test/Hello`

Client-side Hello World

```
public class HelloMain {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        HelloClient client = null;
        try {
            client = HelloClient.connect("ws://localhost:8101/HelloApp/Test/Hello");
            String[] worlds = client.hello("Hello",false);
            for(String world: worlds) {
                System.out.println(world);
            }
            client.hello("Hello",true);
        }
        catch(HelloException ex) {
            System.out.println(ex.getMessage());
        }
        catch(DeploymentException ex) { System.err.println(ex.getMessage()); }
        catch(WebSocketException ex) { ex.printStackTrace(); }
        finally {
            if(client!=null) client.disconnect();
        }
    }
}
```

Hello Implementation

Server-side Hello World

```
public class HelloEndpointServerSessionImpl_V1 implements HelloEndpointServerInterface {
    protected Session session__ = null;
    public void onOpen(Session session, EndpointConfig endpointConfig) {
        this.session__ = session;
    }
    public void onClose(Session session, CloseReason closeReason) {
    }
    public void onError(Session session, java.lang.Throwable thr) {
        System.out.println(thr.getMessage());
        thr.printStackTrace();
    }
    /**
     * Implementation
     */
    public String[] hello( String hello, Boolean throwSomething) throws HelloException {
        System.out.println(hello);
        if(throwSomething.booleanValue())
            throw new HelloException("World");
        return new String[]{"World", "World", "World", "World"};
    }
}
```

sendObject(Envelope)

Envelope contains a single document

```
public class HelloEnvelope_V1 extends HelloEnvelope {
    public HelloMethods method; // enumeration

    /** Documents */
    protected HelloDocument_V1 helloDocument_V1;
    protected HelloResponseDocument_V1 helloResponseDocument_V1;
    protected HelloException helloException;

    /** getters / setters */
    public HelloException getHelloException()
    public void setHelloException(HelloException helloException)
    public HelloDocument_V1 getHelloDocument_V1()
    public void setHelloDocument_V1(HelloDocument_V1 helloDocument_V1)
    public HelloResponseDocument_V1 getHelloResponseDocument_V1()
    public void setHelloResponseDocument_V1(HelloResponseDocument_V1
}
```

Each method has documents

```
public class HelloDocument_V1 {
    public HelloDocument_V1(String hello, Boolean throwSomething) { ... }
    protected String hello;
    protected Boolean throwSomething;
    /** Getters /Setters */
}

public class HelloResponseDocument_V1 {
    public HelloResponseDocument_V1(String[] result) { ... }
    protected String[] result;
    /** Getters /Setters */
}

public class HelloException extends WebSocketException {
    public HelloException(String message, Throwable cause) {
        super(message, cause);
    }
}
```

Connect & Client Config

ClientEndpointConfig & connectToServer

```
public static <T extends HelloClient> T connect(T client, String path)
    throws IOException, DeploymentException, URISyntaxException {
    WebSocketContainer wsc = ContainerProvider.getWebSocketContainer();
    ClientEndpointConfig clientEndpointConfig = ClientEndpointConfig.Builder
        .create()
        .configurator(new HelloClientConfigurator())
        .encoders(Arrays.<Class<? extends Encoder>>asList(
            HelloBinaryStreamEnvelopeEncodeDecode.class,
            HelloTextStreamEnvelopeEncodeDecode.class
        ))
        .decoders(Arrays.<Class<? extends Decoder>>asList(
            HelloBinaryStreamEnvelopeEncodeDecode.class,
            HelloTextStreamEnvelopeEncodeDecode.class
        ))
        .build();
    client.session = wsc.connectToServer(client, clientEndpointConfig, new URI(path));
    return client;
}
```

Server-side Config

ServerEndpointConfig

```
public class HelloServerApplicationConfig implements ServerApplicationConfig {
    public Set<ServerEndpointConfig> getEndpointConfigs(Set<Class<? extends Endpoint>> set) {
        return new HashSet<ServerEndpointConfig>() {
            {
                add(ServerEndpointConfig.Builder
                    .create(HelloServerEndpoint.class, EndpointPathName)
                    .configurator(new HelloServerConfigurator())
                    .encoders(Arrays.<Class<? extends Encoder>>asList(
                        HelloBinaryStreamEnvelopeEncodeDecode.class ,
                        HelloTextStreamEnvelopeEncodeDecode.class
                    ))
                    .decoders(Arrays.<Class<? extends Decoder>>asList(
                        HelloBinaryStreamEnvelopeEncodeDecode.class ,
                        HelloTextStreamEnvelopeEncodeDecode.class
                    ))
                    .build());
            }
        };
    }
    public Set<Class<?>> getAnnotatedEndpointClasses(Set<Class<?>> set) {
        return Collections.emptySet();
    }
}
```

Stub packages document in envelopes

```
public String[] hello( String hello, Boolean throwSomething ) throws HelloException {
    HelloDocument_V1 inDoc = new HelloDocument_V1(hello,throwSomething);
    try {
        HelloEnvelope_V1 envelope = new HelloEnvelope_V1();
        envelope.setMethod>HelloMethods.hello_1_instance);
        envelope.setHelloDocument_V1(inDoc);
        session.getBasicRemote().sendObject(envelope);
    }
    catch (EncodingException ex) {
        throw new WebSocketException("Encode Exception encoding hello", ex);
    }
    catch (IOException ex) {
        throw new WebSocketException("IOException Encoding Hello , ex);
    }
    HelloResponseDocument_V1 outDoc = hello_wait();
    String[] result = outDoc.getResult();
    return result;
}
```



Endpoint listeners for envelope

```
public class HelloMessageHandler implements MessageHandler.Whole<HelloEnvelope> {
    protected HelloEndpointServerInterface_V1 impl = null;
    public HelloMessageHandler(HelloEndpointServerInterface_V1 impl) {
        this.impl = impl;
    }
    public void onMessage(HelloEnvelope envelope) {
        try {
            dispatch((HelloEnvelope_V1)envelope);
        }
        catch (Exception ex) {
            try {
                envelope.setMethod(HelloMethods.raiseWebSocketException_1_instance);
                envelope.setWebSocketException( new WebSocketException("onMessage() ", ex));
                session.getBasicRemote().sendObject(envelope);
            }
            catch(IOException ignore) {}
            catch(EncodeException ignore) {}
            return;
        }
    }
}
```



Dispatch calls remote method

```
private void dispatch(HelloEnvelope_V1 envelope) {
    switch(envelope.getMethod().getEnum()) {
    case hello_1: {
        HelloDocument_V1 request = envelope.getHelloDocument_V1();
        String hello = request.getHello();
        Boolean throwSomething = request.getThrowSomething();
        try {
            String[] result = impl.hello( hello, throwSomething );
            HelloResponseDocument helloResponse = new HelloResponseDocument();
            helloResponse.setResult(result);
            envelope.setMethod(HelloMethods.helloResponse_1_instance);
            envelope.setHelloResponseDocument_V1(helloResponse);
        }
        catch(HelloException ex) {
            envelope.setMethod(HelloMethods.raiseHelloException_1_instance);
            envelope.setHelloException(ex);
        }
    }
}
session.getBasicRemote().sendObject(envelope); }
```

Encode/Decode handlers

sendObject(envelope)

- sendObject(envelope) takes envelope object.
- Encode/Decode routines are added to session's configuration, on client and server
- Envelope object is a choice object containing documents for all request and response.
- Registered handler -> MessageHandler.Whole<HelloEnvelope>





HelloDocument Binary Encode/Decode

```
public class XdrHelloDocument_V1 extends XdrMarshal {
    public boolean execute(XDR xdrs, XdrThing thing1) throws WebRpcMarshallingException {
        HelloDocument_V1 request_response = (HelloDocument_V1) thing1.getThing();
        XdrThing thing2 = new XdrThing();
        if(xdrs.x_op== XDR.op.XDR_DECODE) {
            request_response = new HelloDocument_V1();
            thing1.setThing(request_response);
        }
        try {
            thing2.setThing(request_response.getHello());
            if(!xdr_string.instance.execute(xdrs, thing2)) { return false; }
            request_response.setHello((String)thing2.getThing());

            thing2.setThing(request_response.getThrowSomething());
            if(!xdr_pointer(xdrs, thing2, xdr_bool.instance)) { return false; }
            request_response.setThrowSomething((Boolean)thing2.getThing());
        }
    }
}
```



HelloDocument Text Encode/Decode

```
public class JsonHelloDocument_V1 extends JsonMarshal {
    public boolean execute(JSON jsns, JsonThing thing1) throws WebRpcMarshallingException {
        HelloDocument_V1 request_response = (HelloDocument_V1) thing1.getThing();
        JsonThing thing2 = new JsonThing();
        if(jsns.x_op== JSON.op.JSON_DECODE) {
            request_response = new HelloDocument_V1();
            thing1.setThing(request_response);
        }
        try {
            thing2.setJvalue("hello",request_response.getHello());
            if(!json_string.instance.execute(jsns, thing2)) { return false; }
            request_response.setHello((String)thing2.getThing());
            jsns.separator();

            thing2.setJvalue("throwSomething",request_response.getThrowSomething());
            if(!json_pointer(jsns, thing2, json_bool.instance)) { return false; }
            request_response.setThrowSomething((Boolean)thing2.getThing());
        }
        catch (JsonParsingException ex) {
            throw new WebRpcMarshallingException("JsonHelloDocument_V1",ex);
        }
    }
}
```



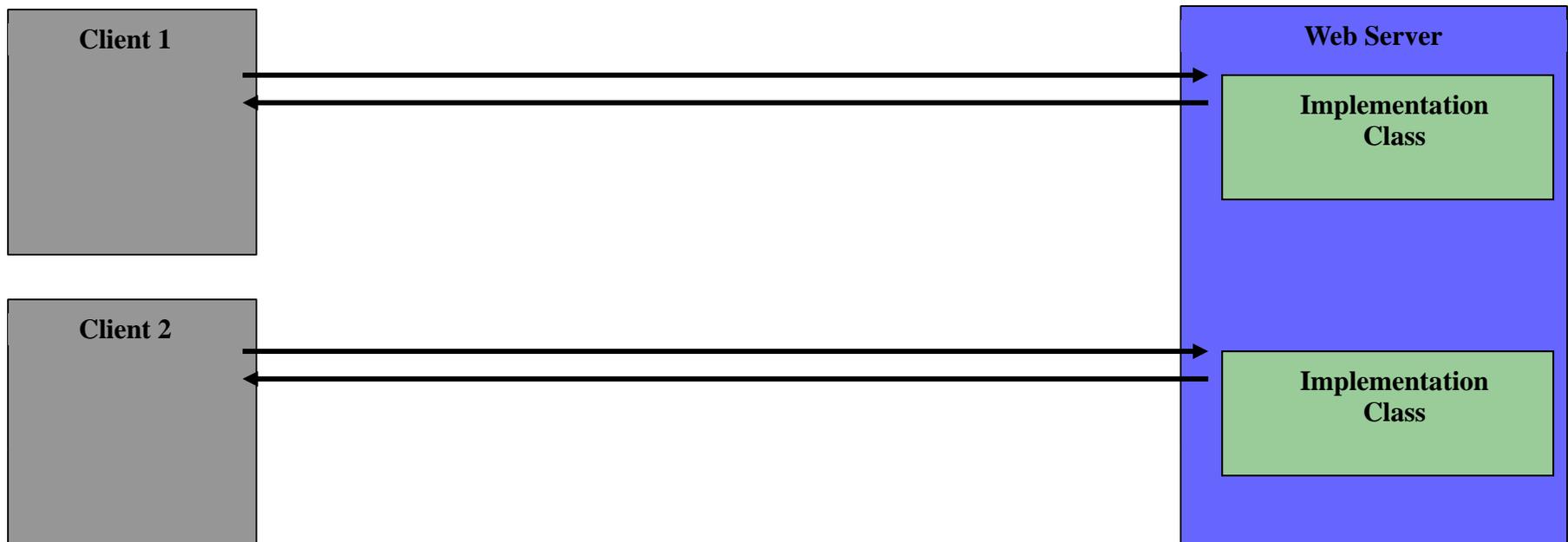
Server Architecture

- **Session Server**
 - This is where each client has its own state-full copy of the server's implementing class.
 - The state lasts for the duration of the WebSockets session with the client
 - It's exactly like each client having it's own copy of the server.

- **Singleton Server**
 - This is where there is a single instance of the implementing class, and the server's state is shared.
 - Therefore multiple client threads of execution are executing on the single singleton class.
 - Implementing class must be thread safe.
 - Individual client state can be stored in the session's user properties.

Session Server

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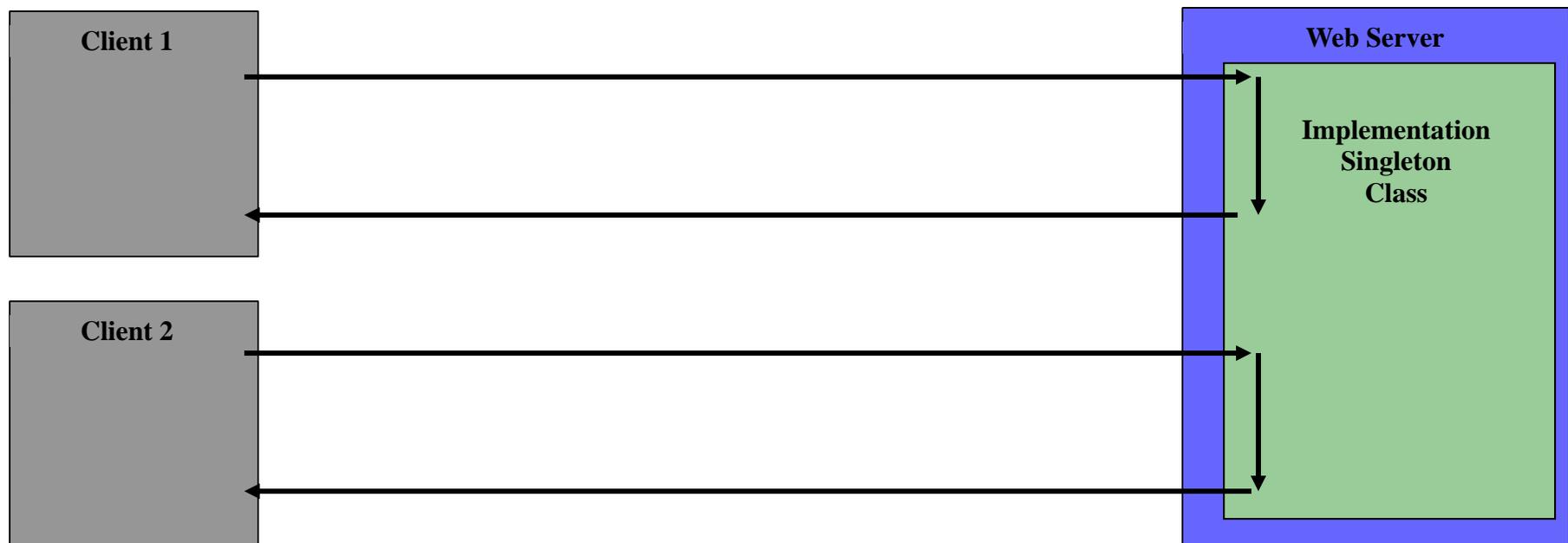


WebSocket Endpoints are session objects

```
public class HelloServerEndpoint extends Endpoint {  
    protected HelloEndpointServerInterface_V1 impl = null;  
    ...  
    public void onOpen(final Session session, EndpointConfig config) {  
        impl = new HelloEndpointServerSessionImpl();  
        ...  
    }  
}
```

Singleton Server

- Singleton Server
 - This is where there is a single instance of the implementing class, and the server's state is shared.
 - Therefore multiple client threads of execution are executing on the single singleton class.
 - Implementing class must be thread safe.
 - Individual client state can be stored in the session's user properties.



Singleton Server

Singleton design pattern

```
public class HelloServerEndpoint extends Endpoint {
    protected HelloEndpointServerInterface_V1 impl = null;
    ...
    public void onOpen(final Session session, EndpointConfig config) {
        HelloEndpointServerInterface_V1 impl =
            HelloEndpointServerInterface_V1.getInstance();
        ...
    } }

public class HelloEndpointServerInterface_V1 implements ServerEndPointInterface {
    private static HelloEndpointServerInterface_V1 ourInstance;
    public synchronized static HelloEndpointServerInterface_V1 getInstance() {
        if (ourInstance == null) {
            ourInstance = new HelloEndpointServerInterface_V1 ();
        }
        return ourInstance;
    }
}
```

- Standard Java sockets interface for the web.
- Full duplex
- Low latency
- Complex data
- Example from presentation at
 - www.objectriver.net/cloudcompiler/hello.zip
- Checkout our free WebSocket Compiler Toolkit at
 - www.objectriver.net/products.htm

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